Doc 'opens up' option for foodpipe cancer patients

Mumbai: Usha Dalvi doesn't make a pretty picture. The twin tragedies of pover-ty and cancer have left her frame emaciated. But the frame emaciated. But the mother of three who hails from a small village in Sawantwadi now has a rea-son to smile: she can eat a normal meal the normal way with her hands and mouth after a gap of over two years.

two years.
Usha, who was diagnosed with cancer of the foodpipe in early 2004, remembers having her last normal meal on May 23, 2004. "Thereafter, I have existed on milk when-eyer Loudle afford it or a eyer Loudle afford it or a ever I could afford it or a paste of biscuits and water," says the 45-year-old widow, who fends for her family by bartering her kokam fruits with the local baniya.

The most painful part of her existence in the last two years has been the manner of feeding herself: pouring the liquid down her stomach with the plastic pipe at-tached to her nose.



Things looked up only when her relatives in Mumbal heard about Dr Jayant Barve, who heads the medicine department at the civic-run Cooper Hospital. (but is better known as superstar Amitabh Bachchan's doct), from a friend. Her brother-in-law, Jairam Dalvi, a former mill-hand literacy prevented her living in Dadar, and others halling from Dandeli village.

A COMMON BUT DANGEROUS DISEASE

esophagus is better known as the foodpipe, running from the base of the throat to the stomach. The foodpipe cancer is the commonest of all gastro-intestinal cancers, but it has high fatalities. "This is because by the time patients come for help it's too late. This cancer is characterised by difficulty in swallowing and at time by reflux (dipested food coming back into the pipe)," says Dr Jayant Barve. Gastroenterologist Dr Aabha Nagral from Jaslok Hooptial explains, "Patients begin with difficulty swallowing solids, but progress to having difficulty as an indicated in the state of the state

Moreover, her local doctor told her that the tube would remain for the rest of her life and she would never be able to eat normally. The good news that there was no longer any evidence of cancer in her body was thus lost in her miserable existence. "It's tragic that someone had to liew with the same pipe for over 18 months," says Dr Barve, who removed to the pipe last fortnight after Usha's relatives in Dadar brought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight after Usha's relatives in Dadar brought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight after Usha's relatives in Dadar brought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight after Usha's relatives in Dadar brought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight after Usha's relatives in Dadar brought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight after Usha's relatives in Dadar brought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight after Usha's relatives in Dadar brought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight after usha prought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight after usha prought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight after usha prought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight after usha prought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight and the prought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight and the prought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight and the prought her to his Vile Parle lost, and the pipe last fortnight a

presence had resulted in lot of pain and ulcers in her nose and throat.

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The pipe was removed and the area of the foodpipe, which had narrowed, was dilated with balloons and special dialators with the help of an endoscope (an instrument that is introduced through the mouth). Although Usha narrowed foodpipe may need repeated dialations, she says she won't be able to afford further operations. "Hence, I have taught her to 'swallow' a plastic dialator (tube), just like the Indian sword trick," says Dr Barve.

Usha's cancer was detected and operated upon in April 2004 at civic KEM Hospital, Parel. "I was sent to Tata Memorial Hospital on September 2, 2004, when they fitted me the last tube," she recalls, flashing a tiffin box with 'March 28, 2005' engraved on it. "That is the day I started eating again," she says, waiting to return to her children in a couple of days.